

The `xgalley` package Galley*

The L^AT_EX3 Project[†]

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1 Introduction

In L^AT_EX3 terminology a galley is a rectangular area which receives text and other material filling it from top. The vertically extend of a galley is normally not restricted: instead certain chunks are taken off the top of an already partially filled galley to form columns or similar areas on a page. This process is typically asynchronous but there are ways to control or change its behaviour.

Examples for galleys are “the main galley”, where the continuous document data gets formatted into and from which columns and pages are constructed, and “vertical box galleys”, such as the body of a minipage environment. The latter galleys are typically not split after formatting, though there can be exceptions.

2 Formatting layers

The present module is mainly concerned with the formatting of text in galleys. The mechanism by which this is achieved uses four (somewhat) distinct layers, some of which can be addressed using the templates provided here.

2.1 Layer one: external dimensions

The bottom layer of the system is the external dimensions of the galley. Normally only the horizontal dimension is fixed externally, while the vertical (filling) dimension is unspecified. The external dimensions are fixed when starting a new galley, and are therefore not modifiable within the galley.

There are no templates for setting this layer directly, although the external values are influenced by other parts of the system (for example when creating minipage environments).

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2.2 Layer two: internal dimensions

The second layer is the internal dimensions of the galley: the *measure* used for paragraph text and the position of the paragraph relative to the edges of the galley.

This layer is normally accessed by higher-level templates *via* the object type **measure**. Changes made using level two templates will often extend for large parts of a document (up to and including the entire document).

2.3 Layer three: paragraph shape

The third layer defines the paragraph shape within the measure as provided by the second layer. In the absence of any specification for that layer the paragraph shape used will be that of a rectangular area of the width of the current measure.

There are some restrictions imposed on the shape of a paragraph by the underlying \TeX mechanisms. For example, cut out sections in paragraphs can be specified from the top of the paragraph but not from the bottom.

2.4 Layer four: formatting inside the paragraph

The forth layer deals with the paragraph formatting aspects such as hyphenation and justification within the paragraph (this is sometimes referred to as “**h&j**” or “**hj**”).

3 Templates

3.1 Layer two: internal dimensions

3.2 The object type ‘measure’

Arg:

Semantics:

Sets the width available to typeset material within the galley. The $\langle left\ margin \rangle$ and $\langle right\ margin \rangle$ values are used in the adjustment to over-ride any given in the template. Depending upon the template in use, the margins may be absolute (relative only to the edges of the galley) or relative (taking account of **measure** adjustments already made). The template applies to the galley from the point of us forward, unless over-ridden by another use of the **measure** object type.

3.3 The template ‘absolute’ (object type measure)

Attributes:

left-margin (length) The distance from the left edge of the galley to the left edge of the area for typeset material. A negative value will cause the typeset material to extend beyond the edge of the galley. Default: 0 pt

right-margin (length) The distance from the right edge of the galley to the right edge of the area for typeset material. A negative value will cause the typeset material to extend beyond the edge of the galley. Default: 0 pt

Semantics & Comments:

This template sets up the typesetting area such that typeset material runs from **left-margin** away from the left edge of the galley to **right-margin** away from the right edge of the galley. Both of these distances are absolute, *i.e.* no account is taken of previous **measure** settings. Either on or both values may be negative, in which case the typeset material will protrude outside of the edges of the galley.

3.4 The template ‘relative’ (object type measure)

Attributes:

left-margin (length) The distance from the previous left margin of the typeset material within the galley to the new position of the left margin. A negative value will cause the new margin to be “outside” of the previous one, and *may* cause the typeset material to protrude outside of the edge of the galley. Default: 0 pt

right-margin (length) The distance from the previous right margin of the typeset material within the galley to the new position of the right margin. A negative value will cause the new margin to be “outside” of the previous one, and *may* cause the typeset material to protrude outside of the edge of the galley. Default: 0 pt

Semantics & Comments:

This template sets up the typesetting area such that it has margins **left-margin** and **right-margin** within those previously set. For a galley within no previous margins, this will result in margins relative to the edges of the galley. Within a galley in which the **measure** has already been set, using the **relative** template will indent the typeset material relative to the existing margins. Either on or both values may be negative, in which case the typeset material may protrude outside of the edges of the galley.

3.5 Layer three: paragraph shape

3.6 The object type ‘parshape’

Arg:

Semantics:

Template of this type define any shaping of the paragraph within the current measure of the galley. Thus they are used to generate “special” paragraph shapes, for example placing a cutout in one side of the paragraph. Typically, **parshape** templates will apply in a limited sense (to a single paragraph or a defined number of lines). However, **parshape** templates may also apply in an “ongoing” manner.

Note that **parshape** templates do not alter any first-line indent for paragraphs (or any other “in paragraph” setting). Instead, they define a shape inside which the paragraph material will be placed.

3.7 The template ‘hang’ (object type parshape)

Attributes:

indent (length) The hanging indent from either the left- or right-hand margin (as determined by **on-left-side**). Default: 0 pt

on-left-side (boolean) If **true**, causes the hanging indent to be on the left-hand side of the paragraph. Default: true

lines (integer) The number of lines of full width before hanging begins. Default: 1

Semantics & Comments:

Sets the paragraph shape such that the after a number of full-width lines, specified by **lines**, the paragraph is indented by the **indent** from a margin. If **on-left-side** is **true** this indent will be from the left-hand margin, otherwise it will be from the right. In either case, the indent is relative to the edge of the current **measure** and may be negative (in which case an outdent will result). This template type applies only to a single paragraph.

3.8 The template ‘initial’ (object type parshape)

Attributes:

indent (length) The indent for the initial lines from either the left- or right-hand margin (as determined by **on-left-side**). Default: 0 pt

on-left-side (boolean) If **true**, causes the indent to be on the left-hand side of the paragraph. Default: true

lines (integer) The number of lines of indented lines before full-width line begins. Default: 2

Semantics & Comments:

Sets the paragraph shape such that the first **lines** lines are indented by the **indent** given, before lines of full width begin. If **on-left-side** is **true** this indent will be from the left-hand margin, otherwise it will be from the right. In either case, the indent is relative to the edge of the current **measure** and may be negative (in which case an outdent will result). This template type applies only to a single paragraph.

3.9 The template ‘std’ (object type parshape)

Attributes:

()

Semantics & Comments:

Sets a rectangular paragraph shape which occupies the full width specified by the **measure**. It is therefore intended as a “do nothing” template for use where a paragraph shape is required but where no special formatting is needed. This template type applies only to a single paragraph.

3.10 Layer four: formatting inside the paragraph

3.11 The object type ‘hyphenation’

Arg:

Semantics:

Controls whether hyphenation is attempted within the current galley. This object type may also alter the degree to which hyphenation is encouraged by manipulating the underlying **T_EX** parameters. This object type applies to the galley from the point of use forward.

3.12 The template ‘std’ (object type hyphenation)

Attributes:

enable (**boolean**) Switches all hyphenation on or off. Default: true

enable-upper-case (**boolean**) Switches hyphenation on or off for words beginning with upper case letters. Default: true

penalty (**choice**) Sets the degree to which **T_EX** is discouraged from undertaking hyphenation, from the choices **low**, **medium** and **high**. Default: low

Semantics & Comments:

Determines both whether hyphenation is allowed at all, and if so to what degree it is discouraged. Setting **penalty** to **high** does not prevent hyphenation: this is only done if **enable** is set **false**.

3.13 The object type ‘justification’

Arg:

Semantics:

Controls the nature of justification undertaken within the galley. The template applies from the point of use forward.

3.14 The template ‘std’ (object type justification)

Attributes:

- end-skip (skip)** The skip inserted to fill the last line of a paragraph.
Default: 0 pt plus 1 fil
- fixed-word-spacing (boolean)** Determines whether inter-word spacing has a stretch component (for non-monospaced fonts).
Default: false
- indent-width (length)** The length of the indent inserted at the start of the first line of a new paragraph.
- left-skip (skip)** The skip between the left margin of the galley and the left edge of a paragraph.
Default: 0 pt
- right-skip (skip)** The skip between the right margin of the galley and the right edge of a paragraph.
Default: 0 pt
- start-skip (skip)** The skip inserted in addition to **indent-width** at the start of a paragraph.
Default: 0 pt

Semantics & Comments:

The **std** template for justification provides rubber lengths at the start and end of the paragraph and at each side of the paragraph. It also allows for both flexible and fixed inter-word spacing. The interaction between the settings is demonstrated in the selection of standard instances provided.

3.14.1 The instance ‘justified’ (template justification/std)

Attribute values:

indent-width 15 pt

Layout description & Comments:

Sets paragraphs fully-justified with the first line indented by 15 pt.

3.14.2 The instance ‘noindent’ (template justification/std)

Attribute values:

end-skip 15 pt plus 1 fil

indent-width 0 pt

Layout description & Comments:

Sets paragraphs fully-justified with no indent for the first line. To ensure that paragraphs have some visual distinction, the **end-skip** is set to insert some space in all cases.

3.15 The template ‘single’ (object type justification)

Attributes:

end-skip (skip) The skip inserted to fill the last line of a paragraph.
Default: 0 pt plus 1 fil

fixed-word-spacing (boolean) Determines whether inter-word spacing has a stretch component (for non-monospaced fonts).
Default: false

indent-width (length) The length of the indent inserted at the start of the first line of a new paragraph.

left-skip (skip) The skip between the left margin of the galley and the left edge of a paragraph.
Default: 0 pt

right-skip (skip) The skip between the right margin of the galley and the right edge of a paragraph.
Default: 0 pt

start-skip (skip) The skip inserted in addition to **indent-width** at the start of a paragraph.
Default: 0 pt

stretch-last-line (boolean) Determines whether inter-word spacing in the last line is stretched. If **true**, the spacing in the last line is stretched in the by the same factor as that in the penultimate line.
Default: false

Semantics & Comments:

The `single` template for justification provides rubber lengths at the start and end of the paragraph and at each side of the paragraph. It also allows for both flexible and fixed inter-word spacing. The interaction between the settings is demonstrated in the selection of standard instances provided. The template applies only to a single paragraph.

3.15.1 The instance ‘centered’ (template justification/std)

Attribute values:

end-skip	0 pt
fixed-word-spacing	0 pt
indent-width	0 pt
left-skip	0 pt plus 1 em
right-skip	0 pt plus 1 em

Layout description & Comments:

Centres typeset material such that hyphenation will still occur and such that very short lines are discouraged. This is similar to the $\text{\LaTeX 2}_{\epsilon}$ `ragged2e` `Centering` environment.

3.15.2 The instance ‘ragged-left’ (template justification/std)

Attribute values:

end-skip	0 pt
fixed-word-spacing	0 pt
indent-width	0 pt
left-skip	0 pt plus 2 em
right-skip	0 pt

Layout description & Comments:

Typesets material with a ragged left margin such that hyphenation will still occur and such that very short lines are discouraged. This is similar to the $\text{\LaTeX 2}_{\epsilon}$ `ragged2e` `RaggedLeft` environment.

3.15.3 The instance ‘ragged-right’ (template justification/std)

Attribute values:

end-skip	0 pt
fixed-word-spacing	0 pt
indent-width	0 pt
left-skip	0 pt
right-skip	0 pt plus 2 em

Layout description & Comments:

Typesets material with a ragged right margin such that hyphenation will still occur and such that very short lines are discouraged. This is similar to the $\text{\LaTeX 2}_{\epsilon}$ `ragged2e` `RaggedLeft` environment.

3.15.4 The instance ‘center’ (template justification/std)

Attribute values:

end-skip	0 pt
fixed-word-spacing	on
indent-width	0 pt
left-skip	0 pt plus 1 fil
right-skip	0 pt plus 1 fil

Layout description & Comments:

Centres typeset material such that hyphenation is strongly discouraged and short lines are allowed. This template is suited to centring arbitrary material (such as boxes) rather than centring text. In the later case, the `centered` instance should be used.

3.16 The template ‘compound’ (object type justification)

Attributes:

first-paragraph (instance) Justification for the first paragraph.

other-paragraphs (instance) Justification for the remaining paragraphs.

Semantics & Comments:

Here, both keys should themselves be instances of the `justification` template. The `compound` template is used to set up a single “non-standard” paragraph followed by “standard” ones. For example, it can be used to ensure that one `noindent` paragraph is then followed by `std` justification.

3.17 The object type ‘line-breaking’

Arg:

Semantics:

Controls the line breaking attempted by \TeX when typesetting material for the galley. This does not include whether words are hyphenated, which is handled separately.

3.18 The template ‘std’ (object type line-breaking)

Attributes:

- badness (integer)** Boundary that if exceeded will cause T_EX to report an underfull line. Default: 1000
- binop-penalty (integer)** Penalty charged if an inline math formula is broken at a binary operator. Default: 700
- double-hyphen-demerits (integer)** Extra demerit charge of two (or more) lines in succession end in a hyphen. Default: 10 000
- emergency-stretch (skip)** Additional stretch assumed for each line if no better line breaking can be found without it. This stretch is not actually added to lines, so its use may result in underfull box warnings. Default: 0 pt
- final-hyphen-demerits (integer)** Extra demerit charge if the second last line is hyphenated. Default: 5000
- fuzz (length)** Boundary below overfull lines are not reported. Default: 0.1 pt
- mismatch-demerits (integer)** Extra demerit charge if two visually incompatible lines follow each other. Default: 10000
- line-penalty (integer)** Extra penalty charged per line in the paragraph. By making this penalty higher T_EX will try harder to produce compact paragraphs. Default: 10
- pretolerance (integer)** Maximum tolerance allowed for individual lines to break the paragraph without attempting hyphenation. Default: 100
- relation-penalty (integer)** Penalty charged if an inline math formula is broken at a relational symbol. Default: 500
- tolerance (integer)** Maximum tolerance allowed for individual lines when breaking a paragraph while attempting hyphenation (if this limit can’t be met **emergency-stretch** comes into play). Default: 200

Semantics & Comments:

This is an interface to the underlying T_EX system for determining line breaking.

3.19 Between paragraphs

3.20 The object type ‘paragraph-breaking’

Arg:

Semantics:

This object type determines how \TeX determines the behaviour when the paragraph-breaking algorithm is calculating whether to break up a paragraph. Thus for example an instance of this object type may prevent breaks within a paragraph, forbid widows or orphans, *etc.*

3.21 The template ‘std’ (object type paragraph-breaking)

Attributes:

badness (integer) Boundary that if exceeded will cause \TeX to report an underfull vertical box. Default: 1000

broken-penalty (integer) Penalty for page breaking after a hyphenated line. Default: 100

club-penalty (integer) Penalty for generating a club line when page breaking. Default: 150

display-club-penalty (integer) Penalty for breaking between to leave a club line after display math. Default: 150

display-widow-penalty (integer) Penalty for breaking between to leave a widow line before display math. Default: 150

fuzz (length) Boundary below which overfull vertical boxes are not reported. Default: 0.1 pt

interline-penalty (integer) Penalty for breaking between lines in a paragraph. Default: 0

pre-display-penalty (integer) Penalty for breaking between immediately before display math material. Default: 10 000

post-display-penalty (integer) Penalty for breaking between immediately after display math material. Default: 0

widow-penalty (integer) Penalty for generating a widow line when page breaking. Default: 150

Semantics & Comments:

This template provides an interface to the underlying \TeX mechanism for controlling page breaking. The template applies on an ongoing basis to all paragraphs after the template is used.

3.21.1 The instance ‘std’ (template paragraph-breaking/std)

Attribute values:

Layout description & Comments:

Sets paragraphs such that they can break with widows and orphans discouraged but not prevented. Breaks are possible after display math material but no immediately before it.

3.21.2 The instance ‘nobreak’ (template paragraph-breaking/std)

Attribute values:

interline-penalty 10 000
post-display-penalty 10 000

Layout description & Comments:

Sets paragraphs such that they cannot be broken at all (as far as is possible in T_EX).

3.21.3 The instance ‘nolone’ (template paragraph-breaking/std)

Attribute values:

club-penalty 10 000
display-widow-penalty 10 000
widow-penalty 10 000

Layout description & Comments:

Sets paragraphs such that they cannot be broken to leave a club or widow line (as far as is possible in T_EX).

3.22 The template ‘single’ (object type paragraph-breaking)

Attributes:

badness (**integer**) Boundary that if exceeded will cause T_EX to report an underfull vertical box. Default: *⟨none⟩*

broken-penalty (**integer**) Penalty for page breaking after a hyphenated line. Default: *⟨none⟩*

club-penalty (**integer**) Penalty for generating a club line when page breaking. Default: *⟨none⟩*

display-club-penalty (**integer**) Penalty for breaking between to leave a club line after display math. Default: *⟨none⟩*

display-widow-penalty (integer) Penalty for breaking between to leave a widow line before display math. Default: $\langle none \rangle$

fuzz (length) Boundary below which overfull vertical boxes are not reported. Default: $\langle none \rangle$

interline-penalty (integer) Penalty for breaking between lines in a paragraph. Default: $\langle none \rangle$

pre-display-penalty (integer) Penalty for breaking between immediately before display math material. Default: $\langle none \rangle$

post-display-penalty (integer) Penalty for breaking between immediately after display math material. Default: $\langle none \rangle$

widow-penalty (integer) Penalty for generating a widow line when page breaking. Default: $\langle none \rangle$

Semantics & Comments:

This template provides an interface to the underlying TeX mechanism for controlling page breaking. The template applies only to the next paragraph, and can thus be used to achieve effects such as non-breaking paragraphs.

3.22.1 The instance ‘single-std’ (template paragraph-breaking/single)

Attribute values:

Layout description & Comments:

Sets the next paragraph such that it can break with widows and orphans discouraged but not prevented. Breaks are possible after display math material but no immediately before it.

3.22.2 The instance ‘single-nobreak’ (template paragraph-breaking/single)

Attribute values:

interline-penalty 10 000
post-display-penalty 1000

Layout description & Comments:

Sets the next paragraph such that it cannot be broken at all (as far as is possible in TeX).

3.22.3 The instance ‘single-noclub’ (template paragraph-breaking/single)

Attribute values:

```
club-penalty 10 000
display-club-penalty 10 000
```

Layout description & Comments:

Sets the next paragraph such that it cannot be broken to leave a club line (as far as is possible in \TeX).

3.22.4 The instance ‘single-nolone’ (template paragraph-breaking/single)

Attribute values:

```
club-penalty 10 000
display-club-penalty 10 000
display-widow-penalty 10 000
widow-penalty 10 000
```

Layout description & Comments:

Sets the next paragraph such that it cannot be broken to leave a club or widow line (as far as is possible in \TeX).

3.22.5 The instance ‘single-nowidow’ (template paragraph-breaking/single)

Attribute values:

```
display-widow-penalty 10 000
widow-penalty 10 000
```

Layout description & Comments:

Sets the next paragraph such that it cannot be broken to leave a widow line (as far as is possible in \TeX).

4 xgalley Implementation

This module provided a template-level interface for the \LaTeX 3 galley. As such, the code here is intended for design-level changes which apply to large blocks. The variables provided are therefore used only for supporting the templates, while any documented interfaces are in `l3galley`.

```
1 (*package)
2 \ProvidesExplPackage
3   {\ExplFileName}{\ExplFileDate}{\ExplFileVersion}{\ExplFileDescription}
4 \RequirePackage{xparse,xtemplate,l3galley}
```

4.1 Variables

```
\l_galley_tmpa_clist Scratch space.
\l_galley_tmppb_clist 5 \clist_new:N \l_galley_tmpa_clist
6 \clist_new:N \l_galley_tmppb_clist
(End definition for \l_galley_tmpa_clist and \l_galley_tmppb_clist. These functions are documented on page ??.)
```

4.2 Layer two: internal dimensions

There is a single object type for level two, the `measure` for the text in the galley. There are no arguments, as the measure is a design concept.

```
7 \DeclareObjectType { measure } { 0 }
```

There are two templates for galley measures: absolute and relative. Both use the same interface.

```
8 \DeclareTemplateInterface { measure } { absolute } { 0 }
9 {
10   left-margin : length = 0 pt ,
11   right-margin : length = 0 pt
12 }
13 \DeclareTemplateInterface { measure } { relative } { 0 }
14 {
15   left-margin : length = 0 pt ,
16   right-margin : length = 0 pt
17 }
```

```
\l_galley_left_margin_dim In the absolute template, the two margin values are relative to the edges of the galley.
\l_galley_right_margin_dim This means that any existing offset or line-length adjustment are ignored.
```

```
18 \<package>
19 \cs_new_eq:NN \l_galley_left_margin_dim \leftmargin
20 \</package>
21 \<package>
22 \cs_new_eq:NN \l_galley_right_margin_dim \rightmargin
23 \</package>
24 \DeclareTemplateCode { measure } { absolute } { 0 }
25 {
26   left-margin = \l_galley_left_margin_dim ,
27   right-margin = \l_galley_right_margin_dim
28 }
29 {
30   \AssignTemplateKeys
31   \galley_margins_set_absolute:nn \l_galley_left_margin_dim
32   \l_galley_right_margin_dim
33 }
```

On the other hand, the `relative` template works relative to the current indentation at both sides.

```
34 \DeclareTemplateCode { measure } { relative } { 0 }
35 {
```

```

36     left-margin = \l_galley_left_margin_dim ,
37     right-margin = \l_galley_right_margin_dim
38 }
39 {
40     \AssignTemplateKeys
41     \galley_margins_set_relative:nn \l_galley_left_margin_dim
42     \l_galley_right_margin_dim
43 }

```

(End definition for `\l_galley_left_margin_dim` and `\l_galley_right_margin_dim`. These functions are documented on page ??.)

4.3 Layer three: paragraph shape

The object type `parshape` is a somewhat extended interface to the `TEX \tex_parshape:D` primitive. As with the `measure`, the `parshape` template has no arguments as it is essentially a design-oriented concept.

```

44 \DeclareObjectType { parshape } { 0 }

```

There are two standard templates for paragraph shapes which do something, both with the same interface. The `hang` template provides one or more standard lines followed by a hanging paragraph, while the `initial` template cuts out a space at the start of the paragraph.

```

45 \DeclareTemplateInterface { parshape } { hang } { 0 }
46 {
47     indent      : length = 0 pt ,
48     on-left-side : boolean = true ,
49     lines       : integer = 1
50 }
51 \DeclareTemplateInterface { parshape } { initial } { 0 }
52 {
53     indent      : length = 0 pt ,
54     on-left-side : boolean = true ,
55     lines       : integer = 2
56 }

```

`\l_galley_parshape_indent_dim` Both of the templates are implemented as special cases of the more general function defined earlier.
`\l_galley_parshape_on_left_bool`
`\l_galley_parshape_lines_int`

```

57 \DeclareTemplateCode { parshape } { hang } { 0 }
58 {
59     indent      = \l_galley_parshape_indent_dim ,
60     on-left-side = \l_galley_parshape_on_left_bool ,
61     lines       = \l_galley_parshape_lines_int
62 }
63 {
64     \AssignTemplateKeys
65     \bool_if:NTF \l_galley_parshape_on_left_bool
66     {
67         \galley_parshape_single_par:nVVN
68         \l_galley_parshape_lines_int

```



```

69         \l_galley_parshape_indent_dim
70         \c_zero_dim
71         \c_false_bool
72     }
73     {
74         \galley_parshape_single_par:nVVN
75         \l_galley_parshape_lines_int
76         \c_zero_dim
77         \l_galley_parshape_indent_dim
78         \c_false_bool
79     }
80 }
81 \DeclareTemplateCode { parshape } { initial } { 0 }
82 {
83     indent          = \l_galley_parshape_indent_dim ,
84     on-left-side    = \l_galley_parshape_on_left_bool ,
85     lines           = \l_galley_parshape_lines_int
86 }
87 {
88     \AssignTemplateKeys
89     \clist_clear:N \l_galley_tmpa_clist
90     \clist_clear:N \l_galley_tmpb_clist
91     \prg_replicate:nn { \l_galley_parshape_lines_int }
92     {
93         \clist_put_right:Nn \l_galley_tmpa_clist
94         { \l_galley_parshape_indent_dim }
95         \clist_put_right:Nn \l_galley_tmpb_clist
96         { \c_zero_dim }
97     }
98     \bool_if:NTF \l_galley_parshape_on_left_bool
99     {
100         \galley_parshape_single_par:nVVN
101         \c_zero
102         \l_galley_tmpa_clist
103         \l_galley_tmpb_clist
104         \c_true_bool
105     }
106     {
107         \galley_parshape_single_par:nVVN
108         \c_zero
109         \l_galley_tmpb_clist
110         \l_galley_tmpa_clist
111         \c_true_bool
112     }
113 }

```

(End definition for \l_galley_parshape_indent_dim. This function is documented on page ??.)

There is also a “do nothing” paragraph shape for cases where a template is needed but no action is desirable.

```

114 \DeclareTemplateInterface { parshape } { std } { 0 } { }

```

```
115 \DeclareTemplateCode { parshape } { std } { 0 } { } { }
```

4.4 Layer four: formatting inside the paragraph

The first type of object within a paragraph is the hyphenation. This object needs no arguments.

```
116 \DeclareObjectType { hyphenation } { 0 }
```

There is only hyphenation template as standard. This provides a semi-flexible interface to the underlying \TeX methods. (The detail is therefore hidden within the implementation phase.)

```
117 \DeclareTemplateInterface { hyphenation } { std } { 0 }
118 {
119     enable          : boolean                = true ,
120     enable-upper-case : boolean                = true ,
121     penalty          : choice { low , medium , high } = low
122 }
```

The implementation for hyphenation mainly sets low-level values. The minimum number of characters after a hyphen is set directly, whereas the number before is not. This is so that `\tex_lefthyphenmin:D` can also be used to completely prevent hyphenation.

```
123 \DeclareTemplateCode { hyphenation } { std } { 0 }
124 {
125     enable          = \l_galley_hyphen_enable_bool ,
126     enable-upper-case = \l_galley_hyphen_uppercase_bool ,
127     penalty          =
128     {
129         low      =
130         {
131             \int_set:Nn \tex_hyphenpenalty:D { 51 }
132             \int_set:Nn \tex_exhyphenpenalty:D { 51 }
133         } ,
134         medium =
135         {
136             \int_set:Nn \tex_hyphenpenalty:D { 151 }
137             \int_set:Nn \tex_exhyphenpenalty:D { 151 }
138         } ,
139         high    =
140         {
141             \int_set:Nn \tex_hyphenpenalty:D { 301 }
142             \int_set:Nn \tex_exhyphenpenalty:D { 301 }
143         } ,
144     }
145 }
146 {
147     \AssignTemplateKeys
148     \int_set:Nn \tex_lefthyphenmin:D
149     {
150         \bool_if:NTF \l_galley_hyphen_enable_bool
151         { \l_galley_hyphen_left_int } { 63 }
```

```

152     }
153     \int_set:Nn \tex_uchyph:D
154       { \bool_if:NTF \l_galley_hyphen_uppercase_bool { 1 } { 0 } }
155   }

```

At this stage, the default hyphenation character should be set and hyphenation should be enabled.

```

156 %\UseTemplate { hyphenation } { std } { }
157 \tex_defaultthyphenchar:D 45 \scan_stop:

```

`\l_galley_justification_other_tl` Used for the reset system for justification: using this token list means that there is no need to remove anything from `\g_galley_restore_running_tl`.

```

158 \tl_new:N \l_galley_justification_other_tl
      (End definition for \l_galley_justification_other_tl. This function is documented on page ??.)
      The second level four object is the justification, which again takes no arguments.
159 \DeclareObjectType { justification } { 0 }

```

There are two templates here with the same interface: the standard one to apply from this point onward, and one which applies only to a single paragraph.

```

160 \DeclareTemplateInterface { justification } { std } { 0 }
161 {
162   end-skip          : skip      = 0 pt plus 1 fil ,
163   fixed-word-spacing : boolean = false             ,
164   indent-width      : length    ,
165   left-skip         : skip      = 0 pt             ,
166   right-skip        : skip      = 0 pt             ,
167   start-skip        : skip      = 0 pt             ,
168   stretch-last-line : boolean = false
169 }
170 \DeclareTemplateInterface { justification } { single } { 0 }
171 {
172   end-skip          : skip      = 0 pt plus 1 fil ,
173   fixed-word-spacing : boolean = false             ,
174   indent-width      : length    ,
175   left-skip         : skip      = 0 pt             ,
176   right-skip        : skip      = 0 pt             ,
177   start-skip        : skip      = 0 pt             ,
178   stretch-last-line : boolean = false
179 }

```

`\l_galley_fixed_spacing_bool` The implementation here is pretty simple as almost everything that goes on is a simple case of saving the settings, which are then applied either by T_EX itself or the rest of the galley system.

```

180 \DeclareTemplateCode { justification } { std } { 0 }
181 {
182   end-skip          = \l_galley_par_end_skip      ,
183   fixed-word-spacing = \l_galley_fixed_spacing_bool ,
184   indent-width      = \l_galley_par_indent_dim    ,
185   left-skip         = \l_galley_line_left_skip    ,

```

```

186     right-skip          = \l_galley_line_right_skip          ,
187     start-skip          = \l_galley_par_begin_skip           ,
188     stretch-last-line  = \l_galley_par_stretch_last_bool
189   }
190   {
191     \AssignTemplateKeys
192     \tl_clear:N \l_galley_justification_other_tl
193     \galley_set_interword_spacing:N \l_galley_fixed_spacing_bool
194     \bool_if:NTF \l_galley_par_stretch_last_bool
195       { \int_set_eq:NN \l_galley_last_line_fit_int \c_one_thousand }
196       { \int_zero:N \l_galley_last_line_fit_int }
197     \skip_set:Nn \@rightskip { \l_galley_line_right_skip }
198   }

```

(End definition for `\l_galley_fixed_spacing_bool`. This function is documented on page ??.)

To deal with a single paragraph, the approach used is to save the current settings to the paragraph-reset code, then to assign the template in the same way as for the `std` template.

```

199 \DeclareTemplateCode { justification } { single } { 0 }
200 {
201   end-skip          = \l_galley_par_end_skip          ,
202   fixed-word-spacing = \l_galley_fixed_spacing_bool   ,
203   indent-width      = \l_galley_par_indent_dim       ,
204   left-skip         = \l_galley_line_left_skip        ,
205   right-skip        = \l_galley_line_right_skip       ,
206   start-skip        = \l_galley_par_begin_skip        ,
207   stretch-last-line = \l_galley_par_stretch_last_bool
208 }
209 {
210   \tl_put_left:Nx \l_galley_justification_other_tl
211   {
212     \skip_set:Nn \exp_not:N \l_galley_par_end_skip
213     { \skip_use:N \l_galley_par_end_skip }
214     \bool_if:NTF \l_galley_fixed_spacing_bool
215       { \bool_set_true:N \exp_not:N \l_galley_fixed_spacing_bool }
216       { \bool_set_false:N \exp_not:N \l_galley_fixed_spacing_bool }
217     \galley_set_interword_space:N
218     \exp_not:N \l_galley_fixed_spacing_bool
219     \dim_set:Nn \exp_not:N \l_galley_par_indent_dim
220     { \dim_use:N \l_galley_par_indent_dim }
221     \skip_set:Nn \l_galley_line_left_skip
222     { \skip_use:N \l_galley_line_left_skip }
223     \skip_set:Nn \exp_not:N \l_galley_line_right_skip
224     { \skip_use:N \l_galley_line_right_skip }
225     \skip_set:Nn \exp_not:N \l_galley_par_start_skip
226     { \skip_use:N \l_galley_par_start_skip }
227     \int_set:Nn \exp_not:N \l_galley_last_line_fit_int
228     { \int_use:N \l_galley_last_line_fit_int }
229     \skip_set:Nn \exp_not:N \@rightskip
230     { \skip_use:N \l_galley_line_right_skip }

```

```

231     }
232     \tl_gput_right:Nn \g_galley_restore_running_tl
233     { \l_galley_justification_other_tl }
234     \AssignTemplateKeys
235     \galley_set_interword_spacing:N \l_galley_fixed_spacing_bool
236     \bool_if:NTF \l_galley_par_stretch_last_bool
237     { \int_set_eq:NN \l_galley_last_line_fit_int \c_one_thousand }
238     { \int_zero:N \l_galley_last_line_fit_int }
239     \skip_set:Nn \@rightskip { \l_galley_line_right_skip }
240 }

```

The standard instance for justification is very simple to set up as the default values for the template are set up for exactly this case. The advantage of this scheme is that at a design level altering the indent used for justified paragraphs is very easy to do. As this is the standard template for all L^AT_EX3 documents, it is applied here.

```

241 \DeclareInstance { justification } { justified } { std }
242 { indent-width = 15 pt }
243 \UseInstance { justification } { justified }

```

The instance for no indentation at all but with justified text is intended for layouts which leave white space between paragraphs. With no indentation, some space has to be included at the end of each paragraph. This is set up to mirror the indent that has been removed.

```

244 \DeclareInstance { justification } { noindent } { std }
245 {
246     end-skip      = 15 pt plus 1 fil ,
247     indent-width = 0 pt
248 }

```

The other standard justification schemes are for text which is either centred or ragged. The settings here are taken from the L^AT_EX2_ε ragged2e package, as they maintain a reasonable appearance by ensuring that T_EX will not be too tolerant of very short lines. To keep the design clear here, no default values are relied on even though this would make the instance declarations shorter.

```

249 \DeclareInstance { justification } { centered } { std }
250 {
251     end-skip      = 0 pt ,
252     fixed-word-spacing = true ,
253     indent-width  = 0 pt ,
254     left-skip     = 0 pt plus 1 em ,
255     right-skip    = 0 pt plus 1 em
256 }
257 \DeclareInstance { justification } { ragged-left } { std }
258 {
259     end-skip      = 0 pt ,
260     fixed-word-spacing = true ,
261     indent-width  = 0 pt ,
262     left-skip     = 0 pt plus 2 em ,
263     right-skip    = 0 pt
264 }

```

```

265 \DeclareInstance { justification } { ragged-right } { std }
266 {
267     end-skip          = 0 pt plus 1 fil ,
268     fixed-word-spacing = true           ,
269     indent-width      = 0 pt           ,
270     left-skip         = 0 pt           ,
271     right-skip        = 0 pt plus 2 em
272 }

```

The `centering` instance is used to centre material without hyphenation: this is used for centring arbitrary material rather than text.

```

273 \DeclareInstance { justification } { centering } { std }
274 {
275     end-skip          = 0 pt           ,
276     fixed-word-spacing = true           ,
277     indent-width      = 0 pt           ,
278     left-skip         = 0 pt plus 1 fil ,
279     right-skip        = 0 pt plus 1 fil
280 }

```

`\galley_justification_first:` A second form of justification template is the case where the first paragraph is different from all of the others. This is set up by getting the justification to reset itself after the first paragraph. The code built into the `std` version will ensure that any subsequent template use will over-ride the setting here correctly.

```

281 \DeclareTemplateInterface { justification } { compound } { 0 }
282 {
283     first-paragraph : instance { justification } ,
284     other-paragraphs : instance { justification }
285 }
286 \DeclareTemplateCode { justification } { compound } { 0 }
287 {
288     first-paragraph = \galley_justification_first: ,
289     other-paragraphs = \galley_justification_other:
290 }
291 {
292     \AssignTemplateKeys
293     \galley_justification_first:
294     \tl_set:Nn \l_galley_justification_other_tl
295         { \galley_justification_other: }
296     \tl_gput_right:Nn \g_galley_restore_running_tl
297         { \l_galley_justification_other_tl }
298 }

```

(End definition for `\galley_justification_first:` and `\galley_justification_other:`. These functions are documented on page ??.)

How \TeX breaks text into lines is influenced by a number of parameters, most of which are not actually likely to change. These work with the `hyphenation` but are independent of whether any hyphenation is actually active. The math values here could be set up as a separate template, but in practice this seems likely to be overkill.

```

299 \DeclareObjectType { line-breaking } { 0 }

```

The only template provided for line breaking is a simple interface to \TeX 's parameters. There is not really much that can be added to this: after all, the way that penalties work is more or less arbitrary but works well! The default values given here are intended to be sensible for a lot of cases.

```

300 \DeclareTemplateInterface { line-breaking } { std } { 0 }
301 {
302     badness                : integer = 1000    ,
303     binop-penalty          : integer = 700     ,
304     double-hyphen-demerits : integer = 10 000  ,
305     emergency-stretch      : skip    = 0 pt    ,
306     final-hyphen-demerits  : integer = 5000    ,
307     fuzz                   : length  = 0.1 pt  ,
308     line-penalty           : integer = 10      ,
309     mismatch-demerits      : integer = 10 000  ,
310     pretolerance           : integer = 100     ,
311     relation-penalty       : integer = 500     ,
312     tolerance              : integer = 200
313 }
314 \DeclareTemplateCode{ line-breaking } { std } { 0 }
315 {
316     badness                = \l_galley_linebreak_badness_int    ,
317     binop-penalty          = \l_galley_binop_penalty_int        ,
318     double-hyphen-demerits = \l_galley_double_hyphen_demerits_int ,
319     emergency-stretch      = \l_galley_emergency_stretch_skip   ,
320     final-hyphen-demerits  = \l_galley_final_hyphen_demerits_int ,
321     fuzz                   = \l_galley_linebreak_fuzz_dim        ,
322     line-penalty           = \l_galley_linebreak_penalty_int     ,
323     mismatch-demerits      = \l_galley_mismatch_demerits_int     ,
324     pretolerance           = \l_galley_linebreak_pretolerance_int ,
325     relation-penalty       = \l_galley_relation_penalty_int      ,
326     tolerance              = \l_galley_linebreak_tolerance_int
327 }
328 { \AssignTemplateKeys }
```

The default values are set such that they are suitable for good quality typesetting. So the standard template changes nothing at all from the template. This instance should also be applied now, as it will then apply to the entire document unless changed deliberately.

```

329 \DeclareInstance { line-breaking } { std } { std } { }
330 \UseInstance { line-breaking } { std }
```

4.5 Between paragraphs

```

\l_galley_club_penalty_int
\l_galley_display_club_penalty_int
\l_galley_display_widow_penalty_int
\l_galley_interline_penalty_int
\l_galley_widow_penalty_int
```

The second object here sets up how \TeX acts to break paragraphs at page boundaries. As with the `line-breaking` object, there is not much to do except provide an interface to the \TeX internals. The `std` template does *not* make the ε - \TeX array nature of various penalties available.

```

331 \DeclareObjectType { paragraph-breaking } { 0 }
332 \DeclareTemplateInterface { paragraph-breaking } { std } { 0 }
333 {
```

```

334     badness           : integer = 1000 ,
335     broken-penalty    : integer = 100  ,
336     club-penalty      : integer = 150  ,
337     display-club-penalty : integer = 150 ,
338     display-widow-penalty : integer = 150 ,
339     fuzz              : length = 0.1 pt ,
340     interline-penalty  : integer = 0    ,
341     post-display-penalty : integer = 0    ,
342     pre-display-penalty : integer = 10 000 ,
343     widow-penalty     : integer = 150
344 }
345 \DeclareTemplateCode { paragraph-breaking } { std } { 0 }
346 {
347     badness           = \l_galley_parbreak_badness_int      ,
348     broken-penalty    = \l_galley_broken_penalty_int        ,
349     club-penalty      = \l_galley_club_penalty_int           ,
350     display-club-penalty = \l_galley_display_club_penalty_int ,
351     display-widow-penalty = \l_galley_display_widow_penalty_int ,
352     fuzz              = \l_galley_parbreak_fuzz_dim          ,
353     interline-penalty  = \l_galley_interline_penalty_int     ,
354     post-display-penalty = \l_galley_post_display_penalty_int ,
355     pre-display-penalty = \l_galley_pre_display_penalty_int   ,
356     widow-penalty     = \l_galley_widow_penalty_int
357 }
358 {
359     \AssignTemplateKeys
360     \galley_set_club_penalties:V      \l_galley_club_penalty_int
361     \galley_set_display_club_penalties:V \l_galley_display_club_penalty_int
362     \galley_set_display_widow_penalties:V \l_galley_display_widow_penalty_int
363     \galley_set_interline_penalty:n    \l_galley_interline_penalty_int
364     \galley_set_widow_penalties:V      \l_galley_widow_penalty_int
365 }

```

(End definition for `\l_galley_club_penalty_int` and others. These functions are documented on page ??.)

The standard instance of the `paragraph-breaking` object simply applies the defaults: this is used.

```

366 \DeclareInstance { paragraph-breaking } { std } { std } { }
367 \UseInstance { paragraph-breaking } { std }

```

Two additional instances are provided: one to prevent any breaks at all, and a second to prevent any widow or club lines.

```

368 \DeclareInstance { paragraph-breaking } { nobreak } { std }
369 {
370     interline-penalty    = 10 000 ,
371     post-display-penalty = 10 000
372 }
373 \DeclareInstance { paragraph-breaking } { nolone } { std }
374 {
375     club-penalty          = 10 000 ,
376     display-club-penalty = 10 000 ,

```



```

377     display-widow-penalty = 10 000 ,
378     widow-penalty         = 10 000
379 }

```

There is also a version of this code which applies only to one paragraph. This is done by storing the input in token list variables with no default: only explicit settings will be picked up.

```

\l_galley_parbreak_badness_tl
\l_galley_broken_penalty_tl
\l_galley_club_penalties_tl
\l_galley_display_club_penalties_tl
\l_galley_display_widow_penalties_tl
\l_galley_parbreak_fuzz_tl
\l_galley_interline_penalty_tl
\l_galley_post_display_penalty_tl
\l_galley_pre_display_penalty_tl
\l_galley_widow_penalties_tl
\c_galley_parbreak_multi_seq
\c_galley_parbreak_single_seq

380 \DeclareTemplateInterface { paragraph-breaking } { single } { 0 }
381 {
382     badness                : tokenlist ,
383     broken-penalty         : tokenlist ,
384     club-penalty           : tokenlist ,
385     display-club-penalty   : tokenlist ,
386     display-widow-penalty  : tokenlist ,
387     fuzz                   : tokenlist ,
388     interline-penalty      : tokenlist ,
389     post-display-penalty   : tokenlist ,
390     pre-display-penalty    : tokenlist ,
391     widow-penalty         : tokenlist
392 }
393 \DeclareTemplateCode { paragraph-breaking } { single } { 0 }
394 {
395     badness                = \l_galley_parbreak_badness_tl      ,
396     broken-penalty         = \l_galley_broken_penalty_tl        ,
397     club-penalty           = \l_galley_club_penalties_tl        ,
398     display-club-penalty   = \l_galley_display_club_penalties_tl ,
399     display-widow-penalty  = \l_galley_display_widow_penalties_tl ,
400     fuzz                   = \l_galley_parbreak_fuzz_tl          ,
401     interline-penalty      = \l_galley_interline_penalty_tl      ,
402     post-display-penalty   = \l_galley_post_display_penalty_tl   ,
403     pre-display-penalty    = \l_galley_pre_display_penalty_tl    ,
404     widow-penalty         = \l_galley_widow_penalties_tl        ,
405 }
406 {
407     \AssignTemplateKeys

```

The fuzz and interline penalties are handled explicitly as they have particular requirements.

```

408     \tl_if_empty:NF \l_galley_interline_penalty_tl
409     {
410         \tl_gput_right:Nx \g_galley_par_after_hook_tl
411         {
412             \int_set:Nn \exp_not:N \l_galley_interline_penalty_int
413             { \galley_interline_penalty: }
414         }
415         \int_set:Nn \l_galley_interline_penalty_int
416         { \l_galley_interline_penalty_tl }
417     }
418     \tl_if_empty:NF \l_galley_parbreak_fuzz_tl
419     {

```

```

420 \tl_gput_right:Nx \g_galley_par_after_hook_tl
421 {
422   \dim_set:Nn \exp_not:N \l_galley_parbreak_fuzz_dim
423   { \dim_use:N \l_galley_parbreak_fuzz_dim }
424 }
425 \dim_set:Nn \l_galley_parbreak_fuzz_dim { \l_galley_parbreak_fuzz_tl }
426 }

```

For the single integer penalties, a simple check is needed to save the value.

```

427 \seq_map_inline:Nn \c_galley_parbreak_single_seq
428 {
429   \tl_if_empty:cF { l_galley_ ##1 _tl }
430   {
431     \tl_gput_right:Nx \g_galley_par_after_hook_tl
432     {
433       \int_set:Nn \exp_not:c { l_galley_ ##1 _int }
434       { \int_use:c { l_galley_ ##1 _int } }
435     }
436     \int_set:cn { l_galley_ ##1 _int }
437     { \tl_use:c { l_galley_ ##1 _tl } }
438   }
439 }

```

A bit more complex for the array penalties. Although the interface here does not expose the arrays, it is necessary to correctly save them.

```

440 \seq_map_inline:Nn \c_galley_parbreak_multi_seq
441 {
442   \tl_if_empty:cF { l_galley_ ##1 _tl }
443   {
444     \use:c { galley_save_ ##1 :N } \l_galley_tmpa_clist
445     \tl_gput_right:Nx \g_galley_par_after_hook_tl
446     {
447       \exp_not:c { galley_set_ ##1 :n }
448       { \exp_not:o \l_galley_tmpa_clist }
449     }
450     \use:c { galley_set_ ##1 :v } { l_galley_ ##1 _tl }
451   }
452 }
453 }
454 \seq_new:N \c_galley_parbreak_multi_seq
455 \seq_gput_right:Nn \c_galley_parbreak_multi_seq { club_penalties }
456 \seq_gput_right:Nn \c_galley_parbreak_multi_seq { display_club_penalties }
457 \seq_gput_right:Nn \c_galley_parbreak_multi_seq { display_widow_penalties }
458 \seq_gput_right:Nn \c_galley_parbreak_multi_seq { widow_penalties }
459 \seq_new:N \c_galley_parbreak_single_seq
460 \seq_gput_right:Nn \c_galley_parbreak_single_seq { parbreak_badness }
461 \seq_gput_right:Nn \c_galley_parbreak_single_seq { broken_penalty }
462 \seq_gput_right:Nn \c_galley_parbreak_single_seq { post_display_penalty }
463 \seq_gput_right:Nn \c_galley_parbreak_single_seq { pre_display_penalty }

```

(End definition for `\l_galley_parbreak_badness_tl` and others. These functions are documented on page ??.)

```

464 \DeclareInstance { paragraph-breaking } { single-std } { single } { }
465 \DeclareInstance { paragraph-breaking } { single-nobreak } { single }
466 {
467   interline-penalty    = 10 000 ,
468   post-display-penalty = 10 000
469 }
470 \DeclareInstance { paragraph-breaking } { single-noclub } { single }
471 {
472   club-penalty          = 10 000 ,
473   display-club-penalty = 10 000
474 }
475 \DeclareInstance { paragraph-breaking } { single-nolone } { single }
476 {
477   club-penalty          = 10 000 ,
478   display-club-penalty = 10 000 ,
479   display-widow-penalty = 10 000 ,
480   widow-penalty        = 10 000
481 }
482 \DeclareInstance { paragraph-breaking } { single-nowidow } { single }
483 {
484   display-widow-penalty = 10 000 ,
485   widow-penalty        = 10 000
486 }

```

4.6 Templates for display material

To allow special handling of display-like material, templates are needed at the beginning and end of the block which set up any special space or breaks. These need to be optional, and so are stored as token lists: rather than “magic” values, empty lists indicate that standard settings are to be used. To ensure that the error checking needed takes place early, each token list is re-set with the appropriate evaluation.

```

487 \DeclareObjectType { display-begin } { 0 }
488 \DeclareObjectType { display-end } { 0 }
489 \DeclareTemplateInterface { display-begin } { std } { 0 }
490 {
491   par-penalty : tokenlist ,
492   par-space   : tokenlist ,
493   penalty     : tokenlist ,
494   space       : tokenlist
495 }
496 \DeclareTemplateInterface { display-end } { std } { 0 }
497 {
498   par-penalty : tokenlist ,
499   par-space   : tokenlist ,
500   penalty     : tokenlist ,
501   space       : tokenlist
502 }

```

```

503 \DeclareTemplateCode { display-begin } { std } { 0 }
504 {
505     par-penalty = \l_galley_display_begin_par_vpenalty_tl ,
506     par-space   = \l_galley_display_begin_par_vspace_tl   ,
507     penalty     = \l_galley_display_begin_vpenalty_tl     ,
508     space       = \l_galley_display_begin_vspace_tl
509 }
510 {
511     \AssignTemplateKeys
512     \tl_if_empty:NF \l_galley_display_begin_par_vpenalty_tl
513     {
514         \tl_set:Nx \l_galley_display_begin_par_vpenalty_tl
515         { \int_eval:n { \l_galley_display_begin_par_vpenalty_tl } }
516     }
517     \tl_if_empty:NF \l_galley_display_begin_par_vspace_tl
518     {
519         \tl_set:Nx \l_galley_display_begin_par_vspace_tl
520         { \skip_eval:n { \l_galley_display_begin_par_vspace_tl } }
521     }
522     \tl_if_empty:NF \l_galley_display_begin_vpenalty_tl
523     {
524         \tl_set:Nx \l_galley_display_begin_vpenalty_tl
525         { \int_eval:n { \l_galley_display_begin_vpenalty_tl } }
526     }
527     \tl_if_empty:NF \l_galley_display_begin_vspace_tl
528     {
529         \tl_set:Nx \l_galley_display_begin_vspace_tl
530         { \skip_eval:n { \l_galley_display_begin_vspace_tl } }
531     }
532 }
533 \DeclareTemplateCode { display-end } { std } { 0 }
534 {
535     par-penalty = \l_galley_display_end_par_vpenalty_tl ,
536     par-space   = \l_galley_display_end_par_vspace_tl   ,
537     penalty     = \l_galley_display_end_vpenalty_tl     ,
538     space       = \l_galley_display_end_vspace_tl
539 }
540 {
541     \AssignTemplateKeys
542     \tl_if_empty:NF \l_galley_display_end_par_vpenalty_tl
543     {
544         \tl_set:Nx \l_galley_display_end_par_vpenalty_tl
545         { \int_eval:n { \l_galley_display_end_par_vpenalty_tl } }
546     }
547     \tl_if_empty:NF \l_galley_display_end_par_vspace_tl
548     {
549         \tl_set:Nx \l_galley_display_end_par_vspace_tl
550         { \skip_eval:n { \l_galley_display_end_par_vspace_tl } }
551     }
552     \tl_if_empty:NF \l_galley_display_end_vpenalty_tl

```

```

553     {
554         \tl_set:Nx \l_galley_display_end_vpenalty_tl
555         { \int_eval:n { \l_galley_display_end_vpenalty_tl } }
556     }
557     \tl_if_empty:NF \l_galley_display_end_vspace_tl
558     {
559         \tl_set:Nx \l_galley_display_end_vspace_tl
560         { \skip_eval:n { \l_galley_display_end_vspace_tl } }
561     }
562 }

```

4.7 L^AT_EX 2_ε functions

`\nobreak` In package mode, some of L^AT_EX 2_ε’s functions are re-implemented using the galley system. Not all of the optional arguments currently work!

```

\nobreak
\noindent
\vspace
563 \RenewDocumentCommand \nobreak { }
564 { \bool_gset_true:N \g_galley_no_break_next_bool }
565 \RenewDocumentCommand \noindent { }
566 { \bool_gset_false:N \g_galley_omit_next_indent_bool }
567 \RenewDocumentCommand \vspace { s m } { \galley_set_vspace_user:n {#2} }
    (End definition for \nobreak. This function is documented on page ??.)
568 \end{package}

```

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